



## Furniture care instructions

### Leather

Vacuum or wipe with a dry cloth regularly to remove dust. Clean with a soft Leather cleaner if necessary. Absorb all spills immediately with a clean, dry cloth. Do not rub. Do not use abrasive or corrosive cleaners as they will damage the leather. Avoid direct sunlight.

### Fabric

Regular cleaning is important in order to keep the upholstery textile looking its best and to prolong its life. Dust and dirt wear down the textile and also reduce its fire-retardant properties. Vacuum frequently, ideally every week, at half power where appropriate.

If you act quickly, it is not difficult to remove spills and prevent stains from forming. However, we cannot guarantee complete stain removal. First, scrape off any liquids or hardened residues with a spoon or a scoop before you proceed. Any loose particles must be vacuum cleaned before further cleaning. Liquids must be soaked up with an absorbent napkin or cloth. Remove non-greasy stains by carefully dabbing with a lintfree cloth or sponge wrung out in warm water. Edge marks can be avoided by dabbing gently in circular motions towards the centre of the stain with a clean lint-free cloth. Remove greasy stains by using appropriate detergents or solvents. In all cases, we recommend to test stain-removal agents on an inconspicuous area first, to see if there is any effect on the cover. Make sure to dry the fabric fully before use.

These tips are purely recommendations and cannot guarantee complete stain removal. In all cases, we recommend contacting a professional dry cleaning. In order to ensure satisfactory results, particularly for large stains, we recommend to contact a professional dry cleaner. It is important to state whether the stain has already undergone treatment. Removable covers made from wool cannot be washed but should be dry cleaned.

### Fiber glass

Wipe the fiberglass surface in a circular motion with a soft cloth. In case there are fingerprints or other stains that need to be removed clean with a soft cloth soaked in mild detergent and warm water. Rinse thoroughly and dry with a clean soft cloth. Do not use abrasive cleaners that may damage the finish.



## Acrylic

Acrylic is a synthetic material that can easily scratch and mark. Avoid placing sharp objects on the surface. Certain solvents can damage Acrylic, so it is best to keep your furniture away from harsh chemicals. To clean your furniture, use a mild detergent in lukewarm water with a clean soft cloth to wipe the surface down. Always rinse the detergent off the surface with a new clean cloth. Once the surface has been appropriately cleaned, dry the surface by blotting with a clean soft cloth.

## Stainless steel

Wipe the steel surface with a clean soft cloth. Stainless steel does not stain, corrode or rust as easily as ordinary steel however, it is not actually stain or rust proof. In extreme coastal locations or if the steel is regularly subjected to water, brown discoloration (tea staining) can appear on the surface of products. Tea staining can normally be removed with mild abrasive cleaner and warm soapy water.

## Rattan

Use a handheld vacuum or soft brush to remove loose dust and soil. Use a toothbrush or other fine tool to remove stubborn soil. Remove remaining soil by dipping a soft cloth into soap bubbles, not into the water. Wipe then the rattan with bubbles, the slight moisture cleans without over-wetting the rattan. Place the furniture outside in the sun or a well-ventilated area and allow it to dry thoroughly.

## Wood

Do not place wood furniture near direct sources of heat, it causes wood to dry out and leads to warping and cracking of the finish. Try to avoid strong sunlight as wood may change colour and result to a bleached or faded appearance. Protecting wooden furniture from moisture is essential. All spilt liquids should be wiped immediately. Water is to be used only sparingly - preferably in the form of a damp cloth - and be wiped off with a dry cloth straight away. Always wipe in the direction of the wood's grain. Lift objects to move them rather than dragging over the finished surface. Avoid burning finishes. Use pads under glasses and dishes. In the event of severe spillages and stains it is recommended to consult our customer services department or a professional furniture restorer before taking action.